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Lobkovskii, Abram Mikhailovich
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А. ЛОБКОВСКИЙ
A. LOBKOVSKY

КОНЦЕРТ- КАПРИЧЧИО

CONCERTO- CAPRICCIO

**Для флейты-пикколо,
струнных, ударных и арфы**

**For flute-piccolo,
strings, percussion and harp**

**ПАРТИТУРА
SCORE**





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SCORE

ЛЕНИНГРАД «СОВЕТСКИЙ КОМПОЗИТОР» ЛЕНИНГРАДСКОЕ ОТДЕЛЕНИЕ 1979
LENINGRAD «SOVIET COMPOSER» THE LENINGRAD BRANCH 1979

Композитор Абрам Михайлович Лобковский родился в г. Витебске в 1912 году. Музыкальное образование получил в Ленинградской государственной консерватории, где обучался композиции и оркестровке у Д. Шостаковича.

А. Лобковский — автор двух скрипичных концертов, четырех фортепианных сонат, Сонаты для скрипки соло, Сонаты для скрипки и фортепиано, Концертной сюиты для скрипки и фортепиано, музыки к кинофильмам и спектаклям.

В Концерте для флейты-пикколо, струнных, ударных и арфы многопланово используется солирующая флейта-пикколо, особенно ее свирельное звучание в среднем и нижнем регистрах.

Концерт впервые был исполнен 4 апреля 1978 года в Большом зале Ленинградской филармонии на фестивале XIV «Музыкальная весна» академическим симфоническим оркестром под управлением народного артиста СССР А. Янсона.

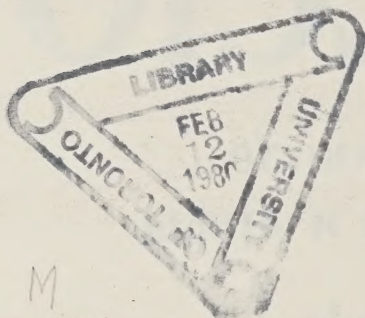
Composer A. M. Lobkovsky was born in Vitebsk in 1912. He got his musical education at the Leningrad State Conservatoire where he studied in the class of composition and orchestration of D. Shostakovich.

A. Lobkovsky is the author of two violin concertos, four piano sonatas, Sonata for violin solo, Sonata for violin and piano, Concert-suite for violin and piano, incidental music for films and plays.

The Concerto for flute-piccolo, strings, percussion and harp is characterized by sharp contrasts of its movements and by emotional tension. The solo playing flute-piccolo is used in many ways, particularly in its pipe sounding in the middle and low registers.

This Concerto was first performed in the Grand Hall of the Leningrad Philharmonia on the fourth of April 1978 during the XIVth *Musical Spring* Festival by the Leningrad Philharmonia Academic Symphony Orchestra under A. Yansons, People's Artist of USSR.

ORCHESTRA



Flauto piccolo

Timpani
Triangolo
Castagnetti
Tamburino
Tamburo militare
Piatti
Campana
Gran cassa

Silofono
Vibrafono

Arpa

Violini I
Violini II
Viola
Violoncelli
Contrabassi

CONCERTO- CAPRICCIO

For flute-piccolo, strings, percussion and harp.

А. ЛОБКОВСКИЙ
A. LOBKOVSKY

Andante rubato ♩ = 62–64

Flauto piccolo

Timpani

Triangolo

Castagnetti

Tamburino

Tamburo militare

Piatti

Gran cassa

Campana

Silofono

Vibrafono

Arpa

Andante rubato $\text{♩} = 62-64$

Violini I

Violini II

Viole

Violoncelli

Contrabassi

1

Fl. picc.

T-ro

C-b.

pp

2

Fl. picc.

C-b.

p

Fl. picc.

C-b.

Fl. picc.

C-b.

Fl. picc.

T-ro

C-b.

pp

Fl. picc.

C-b.

Fl. picc.

T-ro

C-b.

3 Allegro moderato ♩ = 88–92

Fl. picc. *mp*

Timp. *mp*

T-ro *mp*

Fl. picc.

Timp.

Fl. picc.

V-ni I *mp*

V-ni II *mp*

V-le *mp*

V-c.

4

p

Fl. picc.

Sil.

div.

sul D

Archi

mf

f

sul D

sul G

f

Fl. picc. *mf*

T-no

Archi

Capriccioso ♩ = 76—80

rit.

mf

p

mp

unis. *v*

p

pizz.

arco

p

p

Fl. picc.

T-no

Archi

pizz.

p

p

div.

div.

div.

arco

Fl. picc.

T-no

Archi

pizz.

mp

mp

unis.

mp arco

mp arco

mp

5

unis.

mf

mf

mf

mf

mf

f

Allegro moderato $\text{♩} = 88-92$

mp

mp

mf

mf

sul G

Fl. picc.

Archi

$\text{♩} = \text{♩}$
 6 Poco più mosso $\text{♩} = 126$

Fl. picc.

Archi

First system of the musical score. The Fl. picc. part is on a single staff with a treble clef, showing a melodic line with slurs and ties. The Archi part consists of four staves (two treble and two bass clefs) with a complex rhythmic pattern of eighth and sixteenth notes, also featuring slurs and ties. The system concludes with a double bar line and repeat dots.

Second system of the musical score. The Fl. picc. part continues with a melodic line. The Archi part maintains its rhythmic pattern across four staves. The system concludes with a double bar line and repeat dots.

Third system of the musical score. The Fl. picc. part continues with a melodic line. The Archi part maintains its rhythmic pattern across four staves. The system concludes with a double bar line and repeat dots.

Fl. picc.

T-ro

Archi

7 Allegro $\text{♩} = 88-92$

Fl. picc.

T-ro

V-ni I

V-ni II

V-le

V-c.

Fl. picc.

V-ni I

V-ni II

V-le

V-c.

Tempo alla marcia $\text{♩} = 120$

Fl. picc.

Archi

(4+3)

Fl. picc. part: Melodic line with slurs and accidentals (sharps and flats).

Archi part: Four staves. The top two staves have a melodic line with slurs and accents. The bottom two staves have a rhythmic pattern with slurs and dynamics: *arco*, *arco div.*, and *mp*.

8

(4+3)

Section 8: (4+3). The piano part begins with a forte (*f*) dynamic. The strings play a rhythmic pattern with *sf* (sforzando) accents. The woodwinds have a melodic line with *div.* (divisi) markings. The bottom staves include *ff risoluto* and *arco* markings.

Section 9: Continuation of the rhythmic and melodic patterns. The piano part features a triplet of eighth notes. The strings maintain their rhythmic pattern with various dynamics and articulations.

Fl. picc.

Archi

Fl. picc. and Archi staves. The Fl. picc. staff has a trill marked with a '3' and a slur. The Archi staves show a rhythmic pattern of eighth notes and quarter notes.

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Fl. picc.

(4+3)

Archi

unis.

div.

10

*mp*unis. *v*
*sub. mp*unis. *v*
sub. mp

Fl. picc.

Archi

Fl. picc. part: Melodic line with slurs and ties, starting with a half note and followed by eighth notes.

Archi part: Five staves showing rhythmic patterns and slurs, primarily consisting of eighth and sixteenth notes.

Archi part: Five staves marked *ff espress.*. The first three staves are marked *unis.* and the last two are marked *div.*. The music features complex rhythmic patterns with slurs and ties.

Fl. picc.

Timp.

T-ro

Archi

Fl. picc. part: Mostly rests.

Timp. part: Rhythmic patterns, primarily eighth notes.

T-ro part: Rhythmic patterns, primarily eighth notes.

Archi part: Five staves showing complex rhythmic patterns and slurs, primarily consisting of eighth and sixteenth notes.

[illegible]

Fl. picc.

Timp.

Т-по

T-го

V-le

V-c.

12

Handwritten musical score for the song "The Rose Tree". The score is written on five staves. The first staff is a treble clef, and the second is a bass clef. The third staff is a tenor clef (C4), and the fourth and fifth staves are also tenor clefs (C4). The music is in 2/4 time. The first staff contains the melody, which is a simple tune with a key signature of one flat (B-flat). The second staff contains the bass line, which is a simple accompaniment. The third staff contains the tenor line, which is a simple accompaniment. The fourth and fifth staves contain the tenor line, which is a simple accompaniment. The score is written in a clear, legible hand.

Fl. picc. *frullato*

Timp.

T-no

T-ro

V-ni II

V-le

V-c.

13

ff

risoluto

risoluto

risoluto

8

ff

ff

ff

[14] Meno mosso. Andante ♩ = 60

C-na*

V-ni I

V-ni II

V-le

V-c.

ff

con sord.
div.

pp

pp

pp

pp

Poco meno mosso (Adagio) ♩ = 58-60

V-ni I
div.

V-ni II

V-le

V-c.

** У всех струнных — полутоновые трели.
All the strings have half-tone trills.

V-ni I
div.V-ni II
div.

Violin I and II staves, measures 1-4. The music features a melodic line in the upper staves and a supporting line in the lower staves. The key signature has one sharp (F#). The first measure has a dynamic marking of *p*. The second measure has a dynamic marking of *pp*. The third measure has a dynamic marking of *p*. The fourth measure has a dynamic marking of *p*.

Violin I and II staves, measures 5-8. The music continues with a melodic line in the upper staves and a supporting line in the lower staves. The key signature has one sharp (F#). The first measure has a dynamic marking of *p*. The second measure has a dynamic marking of *p*. The third measure has a dynamic marking of *p*. The fourth measure has a dynamic marking of *p*.

Violin I and II staves, measures 9-12. The music continues with a melodic line in the upper staves and a supporting line in the lower staves. The key signature has one sharp (F#). The first measure has a dynamic marking of *p*. The second measure has a dynamic marking of *p*. The third measure has a dynamic marking of *p*. The fourth measure has a dynamic marking of *p*.

Violin I and II staves, measures 13-16. The music continues with a melodic line in the upper staves and a supporting line in the lower staves. The key signature has one sharp (F#). The first measure has a dynamic marking of *p*. The second measure has a dynamic marking of *p*. The third measure has a dynamic marking of *p*. The fourth measure has a dynamic marking of *p*.

V-ni I
div.V-ni II
div.

16

Poco meno mosso ♩ = 68–70

Arpa

V-le

Fl. picc.

P-ti

Arpa

V-le

con sord.
div.

p

colla bacch.

mp

sf

p

17

Fl. picc.

P-ti

Arpa

V-le

18 Andante $\text{♩} = 62-64$

C-b.

pespress.

Fl. picc.

C-b.

Fl. picc. *trb*

C-b.

Fl. picc.

T-ro

C-b. *pizz. gliss. f*

Fl. picc.

T-ro *mp*

V-c.

C-b. *gliss. arco gliss.*

19 Allegro moderato $\text{♩} = 88-92$

Timp. *mp*

unis. *pp*

arco *pp*

Timp.

Timp.

V-le *mf*

V-c. *mf*

C-b.

V-ni II

V-le

V-c.

Measures 19-20. Violins II, Viola, and Violoncello. Measure 19 starts with a whole rest for Violins II, while Viola and Violoncello play a half note G4 (with a sharp sign) followed by a half note F4. Measure 20 continues with a half note E4, a half note D4, and a half note C4. A box containing the number 20 is above the Violins II staff.

Measures 21-22. Violins I, Viola, and Violoncello. Measure 21 features a half note G4 (with a sharp sign) for Violins I, and a half note F4 for Viola and Violoncello. Measure 22 continues with a half note E4, a half note D4, and a half note C4. A box containing the number 21 is above the Violins I staff.

Measures 23-24. Violins I, Viola, and Violoncello. Measure 23 features a half note G4 (with a sharp sign) for Violins I, and a half note F4 for Viola and Violoncello. Measure 24 continues with a half note E4, a half note D4, and a half note C4.

Archi

Measures 25-26. String section. Measure 25 features a half note G4 (with a sharp sign) for Violins I, and a half note F4 for Viola and Violoncello. Measure 26 continues with a half note E4, a half note D4, and a half note C4.

Measures 27-28. Violins I, Viola, and Violoncello. Measure 27 features a half note G4 (with a sharp sign) for Violins I, and a half note F4 for Viola and Violoncello. Measure 28 continues with a half note E4, a half note D4, and a half note C4. A box containing the number 27 is above the Violins I staff.

Archi

First system of musical notation for strings (Archi). It consists of five staves: Violin I, Violin II, Viola, Violoncello, and Double Bass. The notation includes various notes, rests, and accidentals (sharps, flats, and naturals). A first ending bracket is present at the beginning of the first staff.

Second system of musical notation for strings (Archi). It consists of five staves. The notation continues with various notes, rests, and accidentals. The dynamic marking *ff* (fortissimo) is present at the beginning of the first staff.

Third system of musical notation for strings (Archi). It consists of five staves. The notation continues with various notes, rests, and accidentals.

Timp.

T-ro

Fourth system of musical notation for timpani (Timp.) and triangle (T-ro). It consists of two staves. The notation includes rests and dynamic markings.

Archi

Fifth system of musical notation for strings (Archi). It consists of five staves. The notation continues with various notes, rests, and accidentals. A first ending bracket is present at the beginning of the first staff.

Fl. picc.

Timp.

T-ro

Archi

22 Allegro moderato $\text{♩} = 88-92$

Fl. picc.

Archi

Fl. picc.

P-ti

Gr. c.

Archi

Tempo alla marcia ♩ = 120

Fl. picc. *f*

P-ti *mp*

Gr. c. *mp*

V-ni I *mp* *f* pizz.

V-ni II *mp* *f* pizz.

V-le *f* arco *v*

mp *f*

mp *f*

f

f

Fl. picc.

Sil.

V-ni I

V-ni II

V-le

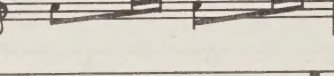
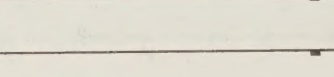
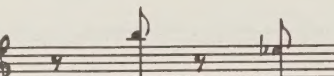
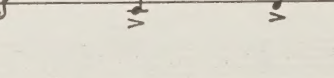
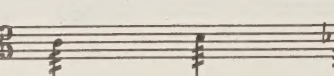
mp

f

arco

gliss.

gliss.

Fl. picc.  P-ti  Gr. c.  Sil.  V-ni I.  V-le 

A handwritten musical score for the song 'The Rose Tree'. The score is written on four staves. The first staff is a treble clef with a key signature of one flat (B-flat) and a common time signature. It contains a melody with eighth and quarter notes. The second staff is a bass clef with a common time signature, containing a bass line with eighth and quarter notes. The third staff is a treble clef with a common time signature, containing a melody with eighth and quarter notes. The fourth staff is a bass clef with a common time signature, containing a bass line with eighth and quarter notes. The music is written in ink on aged paper.

Fl. pcc.

T-ro

Sil.

Archi

23

f

f *espress.* *arco*

f *espress.*

f *espress.* *arco*

f *espress.* *arco*

f *espress.*

Fl. pcc.

Timp.

T-ro

Archi

Fl. picc. *mf*

Timp. *mf* *p*

=

Fl. picc. *mp* *ritard.*

Timp. *ppp* *3*

Tr-lo $\frac{3}{4}$ $\frac{12}{8}$

Cast. $\frac{3}{4}$ $\frac{12}{8}$

T-ro $\frac{3}{4}$ $\frac{12}{8}$

Arpa

V-le

[24] Capriccioso $\text{♩} = 76-80$

mf *mf* *mf* *p* *mp*

Fl. picc.

Tr-lo

Cast.

T-ro

Arpa

=

=

Fl. picc.

C-lli

Arpa

V-ni I

Solo

p

mp

Fl. picc.

Timp.

C-lli

Arpa

V-ni I

Timp.

V-ni I

25 Poco meno mosso $\text{♩} = 76$

Timp.

Archi

div. col legno e pizz.

pp

div. col legno e pizz.

pp

div. col legno e pizz.

pp

div. pizz.

pp

pizz.

pp

Fl. picc. *p dolce*

Vibr.

Archi

The musical score is organized into three systems, each beginning with a double bar line and a repeat sign. The first system includes a Fl. picc. part with a *p dolce* marking and a Vibr. part. The Archi part consists of five staves. The second system continues the Archi part with a *p* marking. The third system continues the Archi part with a *p* marking. The score includes various musical notations such as notes, rests, and dynamic markings.

Fl. picc.

Vibr.

Archi

26

unis.

div.

3

(b)

unis.

Fl. picc.

Vibr.

Archi

The musical score is written for three main sections: Fl. picc. (Piccolo Flute), Vibr. (Vibraphone), and Archi. (Strings). The score is organized into three systems, each containing multiple staves. The first system shows the Fl. picc. playing a melodic line, while the Vibr. and Archi. provide harmonic support. The second system continues the melodic development. The third system shows a more complex texture with multiple voices in the strings and woodwinds. The notation includes various musical symbols such as notes, rests, and dynamic markings.

Fl. picc.

Vibr.

Archi

27 Allegro moderato $\text{♩} = 88-92$
sotto voce *pp*

V-ni I

V-ni II

pp

V-ni I

V-ni II

Timp.

Sil.

Archi

Fl. picc.

Arpa

V-ni I

V-ni II

V-le

V-c.

ritard.

$\text{♩} = 66$

28

con sord. div.

pp

con sord. div.

pp

con sord. div.

pp

con sord. div.

pp

pp

pp

Fl. picc. *rit.*

T-ro *pp* *3*

C-na *pp*

Vibr.

Arpa *rit.*

V-ni I

V-ni II

V-le

V-c.

morendo

pp

Абрам Михайлович Лобковский

КОНЦЕРТ-КАПРИЧЧИО

*Для флейты-пикколо, струнных,
ударных и арфы*

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Редактор
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